

Cannabis and Pharmacological

Applications of Cannaboids

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Background

- *Cannabis* is a genus of flowering plants that includes three different species, *Cannabis sativa*, *Cannabis indica* and *Cannabis ruderalis*.
- Cannabis is a plant that is thought to have been used by humans for over 10,000 years.
- Centuries-old Chinese documents describe using cannabis for clothing production, food, and as an agent to communicate with spirits.
- Today, marijuana is the most frequently used illicit drug, and the illicit drug that new users are most likely to try.
- Certain cannabis plants can be used for making rope or clothing; however, the species *Cannabis sativa* is the plant most often used for its hallucinogenic properties.
- The main psychoactive alkaloid contained in marijuana is Δ^9 -tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).

Cannabinoids and cannabinoid receptors

Cannabinoids : are a class of diverse chemical compounds that act on cannabinoid receptors on cells that repress neurotransmitter release in the brain.

-Two types of cannabinoid receptors :

1- Cannabinoid receptor type 1

- CB₁ receptors appear to be responsible for the euphoric and anticonvulsive effects of cannabis.
- brain\ basal ganglia, limbic system and cerebellum.
- effects due to CB1 – THC interaction include: physical relaxation, hyperphagia (increased appetite), increased heart rate, euphoria, decreased muscle coordination, conjunctivitis, and minor pain control .

2- Cannabinoid receptor type 2

- CB2 receptors appear to be responsible for the Immune suppressant effects, induction of apoptosis and Microglial migration.
- Immune system (Spleen) , PNS tissues, digestive system tissues and microglia.

Cannabinoid Ligands

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graph TD; A[Cannabinoid Ligands] --> B[Endo-cannabinoids]; A --> C[Phyto-cannabinoids]; A --> D[Synthetic cannabinoids]; B --- B_list["• Anandamide<br>• Arachidonoylglycerol"]; C --- C_list["• Tetrahydrocannabinol<br>• cannabidiol (CBD)<br>• cannabinol (CBN)"]; D --- D_list["• Dronabinol<br>• Nabilone<br>• Rimonabant (SR141716)<br>• JWH-018<br>• JWH-073<br>• CP-55940<br>• Dimethylheptylpyran<br>• HU-210<br>• HU-331<br>• SR144528<br>• WIN 55,212-2,<br>• JWH-133<br>• Levonantradol<br>• AM-2201"];
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Endo-cannabinoids

- Anandamide
- Arachidonoylglycerol

Phyto-cannabinoids

- Tetrahydrocannabinol
- cannabidiol (CBD)
- cannabinol (CBN)

Synthetic cannabinoids

- Dronabinol
- Nabilone
- Rimonabant (SR141716)
- JWH-018
- JWH-073
- CP-55940
- Dimethylheptylpyran
- HU-210
- HU-331
- SR144528
- WIN 55,212-2,
- JWH-133
- Levonantradol
- AM-2201

Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Sativex®

THC and CBD (cannabidiol).

Cannabinoidergic activity:

Agonist

Pharmacological properties:

Treatment of neuropathic pain and spasticity in patients with Multiple Sclerosis (MS); Analgesic treatment in adult patients with advanced cancer who experience moderate to severe pain.

Approving status:

Most of world countries except USA.



Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Dronabinol / Marinol ®

Synthetic Delta-9 THC.

Cannabinoidergic activity:

Agonist

Pharmacological properties:

Treatment of nausea and vomiting for patients in cancer treatment; appetite stimulant for AIDS patients; analgesic to ease neuropathic pain in multiple sclerosis patients.

Approving status:

Denmark and USA.



Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Nabilone / Cesamet ®

Synthetic Delta-9 THC.

Cannabinoidergic activity:

Agonist

Pharmacological properties:

Treatment of nausea and vomiting in patients undergoing cancer treatment.

Approving status:

USA, UK, Canada, Australia and Mexico.



Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Dexanabinol ®

Synthetic Cannaboid.

Cannabinoidergic activity:

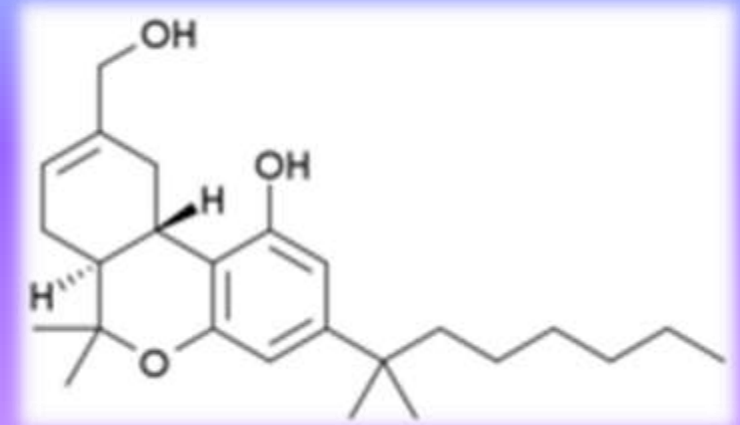
NMDA antagonist

Pharmacological properties:

Anticonvulsant and Neuroprotective

Approving status:

Empirical.



Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

CT-3 (ajulemic acid)

Synthetic, more potent analog of THC metabolite THC-11-oic acid.

Cannabinoidergic activity:

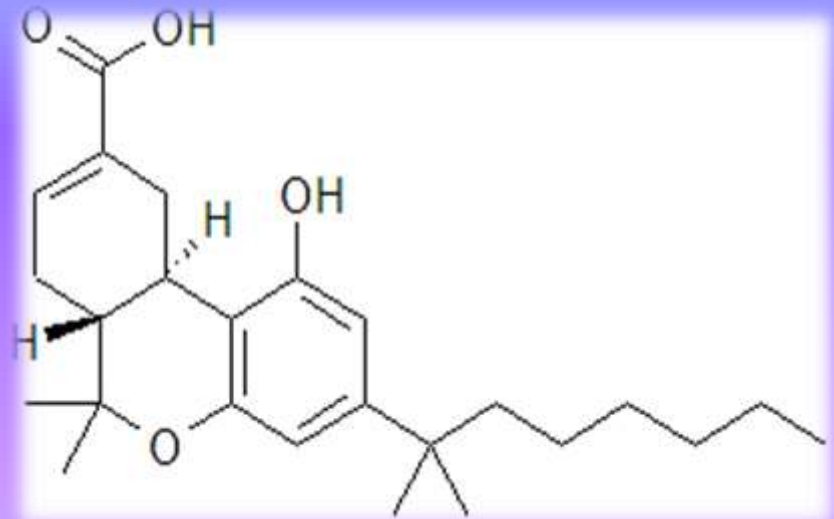
NMDA antagonist

Pharmacological properties:

Treatment of spasticity and neuropathic pain in MS patients; anti-inflammatory properties may help relieve pain from arthritis

Approving status:

Empirical.



Cannaboid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Cannabinor (PRS-211,375) .

Synthetic cannaboid.

Cannaboidergic activity:

Synthetic CB2 selective agonist.

Pharmacological properties:

Anti-inflammatory; treatment of chronic pain .

Approving status:

Empirical.



Cannaboid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

HU 308.

Synthetic cannaboid.

Cannaboidergic activity:

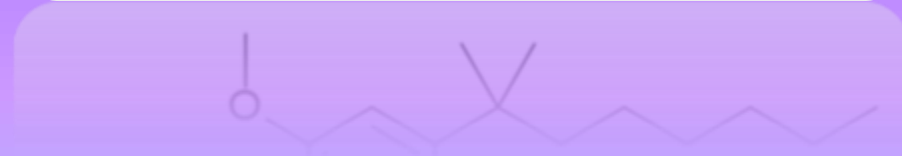
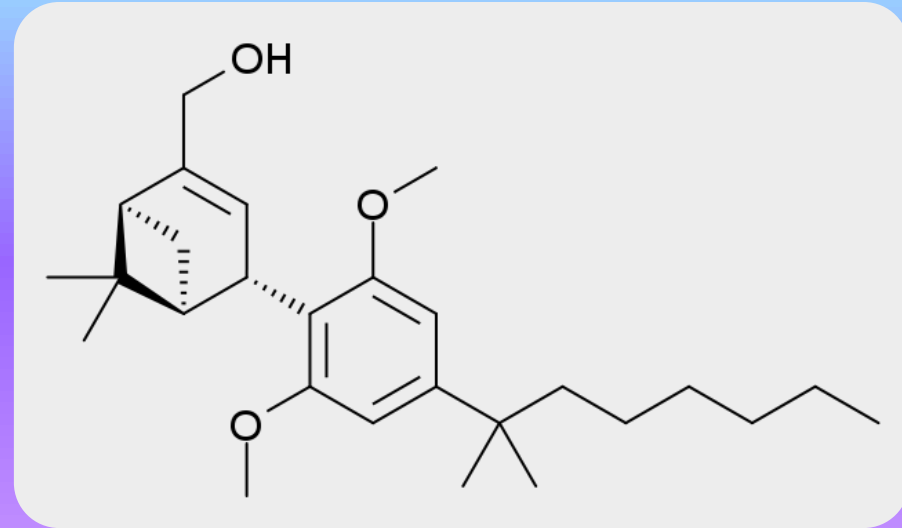
Synthetic CB2 selective agonist.

Pharmacological properties:

Anti-inflammatory; Antihypertensive.

Approving status:

Empirical.



Cannabinoid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

HU 331.

Synthetic cannabidol.

Cannabinoidergic activity:

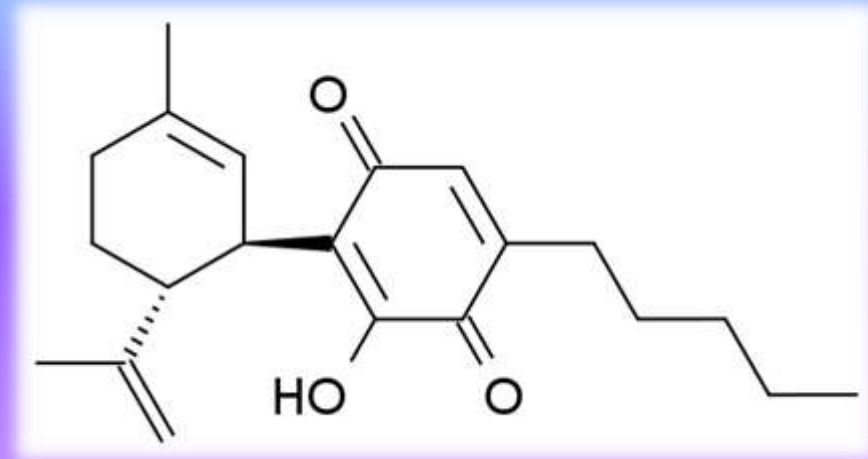
Neuro – cannabinoid receptor
agonist.

Pharmacological properties:

Treatment of memory, weight loss,
appetite, neurodegeneration, tumor
surveillance, analgesia, and
inflammation.

Approving status:

Empirical.



Cannaboid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Rimonabant / Acomplia®.

Synthetic.

Cannaboidergic activity:

Inverse agonist for the cannabinoid receptor CB1.

Pharmacological properties:

Anti-obesity (appetite reducer).

Approving status:

Not approved.



Cannaboid Agents

Drug's name \ code:

Taranabant / MK-0364.

Synthetic.

Cannaboidergic activity:

Inverse agonist for

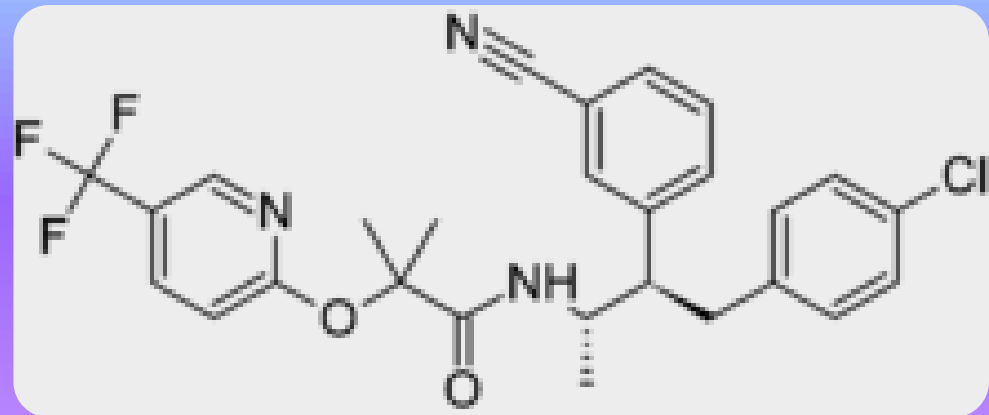
the cannabinoid receptor CB1.

Pharmacological properties:

Anti-obesity (appetite reducer).

Approving status:

Not approved.



Future Researches on cannabinoids

- ❖ Possible role as neuro-protective agent against neurodegenerative diseases.
- ❖ possible role as chemotherapeutic agent specially brain tumors.
- ❖ possible role as anti- HIV agent.
- ❖ possible role as anti-obesity agent.
- ❖ possible role to understand dependence mechanisms.

A vibrant green cannabis leaf with serrated edges is laid out on a light-colored wooden surface with a visible grain. The word "Thanks" is written in a large, bold, yellow-to-orange gradient font across the center of the leaf. A thin, horizontal orange line is positioned above the text.

Thanks